according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Ireland and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : MANHATTAN

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub: : Plant Protection Product, Herbicide

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited Melbourn Science Park - Cambridge Road - Unit H4, Building H Melbourn Cambridgeshire - SG8 6HB UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information : +44 8006 89 8899

Number

E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

SGS: +353 818 663 627

National Poisons Information Centre (Beaumont Hospital): 01 809 2166 (8 AM - 10 PM)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate-

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

gory 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

egory 1

effects.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Response:

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste

disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be

disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains Pyroxsulam. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instruc-

tions for use.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. REACH Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Cloquintocet	88349-88-6	Aquatic Chronic 2;	26.6

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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	01-2120249233-62- 0000	H411	
Pyroxsulam	422556-08-9 613-327-00-4	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100	18.75
Halauxifen-methyl	943831-98-9	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10,000 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10,000	5.2
Florasulam	145701-23-1 613-230-00-7	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100	3.67
Sodium lignosulfonate	8061-51-6	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 10 - < 20
citric acid	77-92-9 201-069-1 607-750-00-3 01-2119457026-42	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 3 - < 10
Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate	Not Assigned 939-538-4 01-2119976349-20, 01-2119976349-20- 0003, 01- 2119976349-20-0004, 01-2119976349-20- 0005, 01- 2119976349-20-0006, 01-2119976349-20-	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 3 - < 10

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	0007			
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :				
Kaolin	1332-58-7		>= 3 - < 10	
	310-194-1			

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with plenty of water.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Re-

move contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, con-

sult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

If swallowed : No emergency medical treatment necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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ucts Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Avoid dust formation.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis-

posal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Sweep up and shovel.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Advice on safe handling : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in a closed container. Keep in properly labelled contain-

ers. Store in accordance with the particular national regula-

tions.

Advice on common storage : Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Plant protection products subject to Regulation (EC) No

1107/2009.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Kaolin	1332-58-7	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) (Respira- ble dust)	2 mg/m3	IE OEL
		TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	2004/37/EC
	Further information: Carcinogens or mutagens			

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Hand protection

Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Remarks : Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard

EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Neoprene. Ni-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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> trile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove is recommended to prevent contact with the solid material. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove

supplier.

Skin and body protection Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron,

or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-Respiratory protection

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, in dusty atmospheres, use an approved

particulate respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state granules

Colour tan

Odour mild

Odour Threshold No data available

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Boiling point/boiling range Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

pH : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

9.2 Other information

Explosives : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Self-ignition : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Surface tension : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

None known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids

Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.40 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

oxicity

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Pyroxsulam:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.42 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Halauxifen-methyl:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.39 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Florasulam:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.0 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 10,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.48 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

LD50 (Rat): 3,000 - 12,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: > 4,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Kaolin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Information source: Internal study report

Components:

Pyroxsulam:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Halauxifen-methyl:

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 4 h

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

citric acid:

Result : No skin irritation

Kaolin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Information source: Internal study report

Components:

Pyroxsulam:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Halauxifen-methyl:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Sodium lignosulfonate:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Result : Eye irritation

citric acid:

Result : Eye irritation

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Result : Mild eye irritation

Kaolin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Remarks : Information source: Internal study report

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Species : Mouse

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Pyroxsulam:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Florasulam:

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Species : Mouse

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:
Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Pyroxsulam:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Florasulam:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

citric acid:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Did not cause cancer in la-

boratory animals.

Pyroxsulam:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

There was equivocal evidence of carcinogenic activity in long-

term bioassays. These effects are not believed to be relevant

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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to humans.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Halauxifen., Did not cause

cancer in laboratory animals.

Florasulam:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

citric acid:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Kaolin:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

For similar active ingredient(s)., Did not cause birth defects or

any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Pyroxsulam:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Halauxifen., In animal studies,

did not interfere with reproduction.

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory

animals.

Florasulam:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at

doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

citric acid:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Pyroxsulam:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

citric acid:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Kaolin:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-RE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney. Liver. Thyroid.

Florasulam:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

citric acid:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Remarks : No relevant data found.

Kaolin:

Remarks : Repeated excessive exposure to crystalline silica may cause

silicosis, a progressive and disabling disease of the lungs.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Pyroxsulam:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Florasulam:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

citric acid:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Kaolin:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)): > 120

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

LC50 (Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri)): 89.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 9.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: Static renewal test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 66.5

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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plants mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 12.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 23.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 12.6

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.143 mg/l Exposure time: 33 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.437 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50: > 2250 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

contact LD50: > 100 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Pyroxsulam:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 87.0 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Lemna gibba): 0.00388 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 7 d Method: OECD 221.

ErC50 (Freshwater algae (Anabaena fols-aquae)): 0.924 mg/l

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Lemna gibba): 0.000681 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 7 d Method: OECD 221.

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.0107 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.00305 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 3.2 - 10.1 mg/l

End point: survival Exposure time: 40 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 10.4 mg/l End point: survival

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

100

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 10,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Carrier Figuria fatida (acathura

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LC50: > 5000 mg/kg diet.

Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

LD50: > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: > 107.4 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

dietary LC50: > 5000 mg/kg diet.

Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

NOEC: 5000 mg/kg diet. Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

Halauxifen-methyl:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)): 2.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.12 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.0

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.000056 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 14 d

Test Type: Static renewal test

ErC50 (blue-green algae): > 3.0 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): > 2.27 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.0000025 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 14 d

Test Type: Static renewal test

ErC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 1.50 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.121 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10,000

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 981 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 d

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.536 mg/l Exposure time: 35 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.484 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg

10,000

Exposure time: 14 d End point: mortality

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

dietary LC50: > 5,620 ppm

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

Method: Other guidelines

dietary LC50: > 5,620 ppm

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

Method: Other guidelines

oral LD50: > 2250 mg/kg bodyweight.

End point: mortality

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

contact LD50: > 98.1 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

oral LD50: > 108 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Florasulam:

Toxicity to fish Remarks: Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms

(LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive spe-

cies).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

22 / 34

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 292 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

0.00894 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

EC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): > 0.305 mg/l

End point: Growth inhibition

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 119 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC: > 2.9 mg/l End point: Other Exposure time: 33 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 38.90 mg/l End point: growth

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level): 50.2 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 100

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1,320 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis

(LD50 between 501 and 2000 mg/kg).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis

(LC50 > 5000 ppm).

oral LD50: 1047 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail)

dietary LC50: > 5,000 ppm

Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

oral LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic

organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100

mg/L in most sensitive species).

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 615 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Remarks: For this family of materials:

citric acid:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic

organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100

mg/L in most sensitive species).

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1,516 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 440 - 760 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: Static

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Pyroxsulam:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic

Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 20 - 30 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Halauxifen-methyl:

Biodegradability : Test Type: O2 consumption

Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 38.68 % Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Florasulam:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Biodegradation: 2 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Biochemical Oxygen De-

mand (BOD)

0.012 kg/kg

Incubation time: 5 d

ThOD : 0.85 kg/kg

Stability in water : Degradation half life: > 30 d

Photodegradation : Rate constant: 7.04E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Biodegradation: < 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Photodegradation : Rate constant: 1.089E-10 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

citric acid:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 %

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Test Type: aerobic

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 98 % Exposure time: 7 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Pyroxsulam:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.01 Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Halauxifen-methyl:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Exposure time: 42 d Temperature: 21.8 °C Concentration: 0.00194 mg/l Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 233

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.76

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF be-

tween 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Florasulam:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Exposure time: 28 d Temperature: 13 °C

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.8

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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log Pow: -1.22

pH: 7.0

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.2

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -3.45

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

citric acid:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.01

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.72 (20 °C) Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Pyroxsulam:

Distribution among environ-

: Koc: 7.4 ml/g

mental compartments

Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Halauxifen-methyl:

Distribution among environ-

Koc: 5684

mental compartments

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

Florasulam:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 4 - 54

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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Stability in soil : Dissipation time: 0.7 - 4.5 d

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Distribution among environmental compartments Koc: > 99999 Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

citric acid:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Assessment : Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic

(PBT).. Substance is not very persistent and very bioaccumu-

lative (vPvB).

Pyroxsulam:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Halauxifen-methyl:

Assessment : Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic

(PBT).. Substance is not very persistent and very bioaccumu-

lative (vPvB).

Florasulam:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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citric acid:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. Substance is not very persistent and

very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Kaolin:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Pyroxsulam:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Florasulam:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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citric acid:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Kaolin:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable requ-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : UN 3077
RID : UN 3077
IMDG : UN 3077
IATA : UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Halauxifen-methyl, Pyroxsulam)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Halauxifen-methyl, Pyroxsulam)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Halauxifen-methyl, Pyroxsulam)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Halauxifen-methyl, Pyroxsulam)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADR : 9
RID : 9
IMDG : 9
IATA : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Remarks : Stowage category A

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 956

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 956

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes(Halauxifen-methyl, Pyroxsulam)

14.6 Special precautions for user

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High : Not applicable

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Regulation (EC) on substances that deplete the ozone : Not applicable

layer

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu- : Not applicable

tants (recast)

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parlia-

ment and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving

dangerous substances.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Not applicable

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

E1

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



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SECTION 16: Other information

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of H-Statements

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

2004/37/EC : Europe. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers

from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens

at work

IE OEL : Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Carcinogens with Occu-

pational Exposure Limit Values - Code of Practice, Schedule 1

and 2

2004/37/EC / TWA : Long term exposure limit

IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) : Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)

ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - not otherwise specified; NOEC - Non-Observed Effective Concentration; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations.

EC-Number - European Community number REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Calculation method

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex II and its amendments.



MANHATTAN

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11.12.2024 800080102235 Date of first issue: 11.12.2024

Product code: GF-3706

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